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|  ỦY BAN NHÂN DÂN QUẬN 1 |
| **TRƯỜNG TRUNG HỌC CƠ SỞ** |
|  **CHU VĂN AN** |

**HƯỚNG DẪN HỌC SINH TỰ HỌC TUẦN 15**

**MÔN TIẾNG ANH 8**

 **(Từ 20/12/2021 đến 24/12/2021)**

1. **Giáo viên biên soạn Tài liệu học tập và Phiếu hướng dẫn học sinh tự học**

**PHIẾU HƯỚNG DẪN HỌC SINH TỰ HỌC**

**PRACTICE TEST 4**

 **I. USE OF ENGLISH:** Write **A, B, C,** or **D** which best completes the sentences: **(2.5 pts)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a professional tennis player \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ years. | 1 |
| A. has not been/since | B. has been/for | C. have been/since | D. have not been/for |
| 2. I think I prefer this room \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it was, before we decorated it. | 2 |
| A. like | B. the same with | C. as | D. too |
| 3. They have studied \_\_\_\_\_\_\_six o’clock. | 3 |
| A. since | B. in | C. for | D. from |
| 4. John came \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an old school friend in the street this morning. | 4 |
| A. with | B. along | C. across | D. off |
| 5. The new shopping mall is quite \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the present shopping area. | 5 |
| A. like to | B. the same | C. different from | D. similar |
| 6. There's no point in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for Professor Clint's exam. His tests are always so easy. | 6 |
| A. study | B. studied  | C. to study | D. studying |
| 7. The doctor asked him \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a rest and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ any heavy work. | 7 |
| A. to take/ don’t do | B. to take/ not do  | C. to take/ not to do | D. to take/ to do |
| 8. She advised me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ late. | 8 |
| A. not  | B. not to be  | C. not be | D. not being |
| 9. The blue bag is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_the red bag. | 9 |
| A. not large as | B. not as large as | C. as not large as | D. not larger as |
| 10. You need to **register** now. | 10 |
| A. help | B. name | C. list  | D. enroll |

 **II. Supply the correct form of Words in parentheses: (1.5 pts)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. They were proud of (be) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so successful. | 1 |
| 2. Poor him! He (not/ have) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ any money in his pockets. | 2 |
| 3. My father (not/ smoke)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for five years. | 3 |
| 4. They didn’t try (learn) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all new words they come across. | 4 |
| 5. Mai’s mother told Mai (correct)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the mistakes in her dictation. | 5 |
| 6. Did you succeed in (deal) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with the problem?  | 6 |

 **III. Choose the words or phrases that are not correct in standard English:** **(0.5 pt)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. Could you give me a small favor? A B C D | 1 |
| 2. Regina told Jack to spend more time on playing sports and don’t spend much time on watching TV. A B C D  | 2  |

 **IV. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others: (0.5 pt)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. | 1. … |
| A. promise | B. revise  | C. stick | D. visit  |
| 2. | 2. … |
| A. wrong | B. write | C. answer | D. always |

 **V. Reading Comprehension: (2.5 pts)**

@. Read the passage, and decide whether the statements that follow are **True** or **False**: **(1 pt)**

|  |
| --- |
| Since 1877, the Fresh Air Fund has helped poor children from New York City spend summers in the country. Each year, over ten thousand children, ages 6 to 18, participate in the program. Some stay at a camp; others live with a host family. The fund pays for all expenses. The camps are for 8-to-15-year-olds. At camp, children can learn about the stars, see deer and cows and other animals, and go hiking, fishing, and of course, swimming. From participating in the camp, the children definitely learn responsibility by helping out with choreslike making beds and waiting on tables.  |
| 1. The aim of the Fresh Air Fund is to help all children from New York City. | 1**. ……….** |
| 2. Over ten thousand children take part in the program every year. | 2**. ……….** |
| 3. The word ‘others’ in line 2 refers to camps. | 3**. ……….** |
| 4. Helping out with chores never helps students learn responsibility. | 4**. ……….** |

@@ Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer: **(1.5 pts)**

|  |
| --- |
| Being a student involves taking responsibility for (1)\_\_\_\_\_your own time. So, you need to plan (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_time and workload effectively. Don’t try (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_too much at once-have regular breaks. If you fail to finish a piece of work as (4)\_\_\_\_\_as you wanted, don’t feel (5)\_\_\_\_\_, just be (6)\_\_\_\_\_realistic in your planning next time.  |
| 1. A. organize | B. organizes  | C. organized  | D. organizing | 1 |
| 2. A. both | B. either | C. neither | D. among | 2 |
| 3. A. to do | B. do | C. to doing | D. doing | 3 |
| 4. A. quick | B. speedy | C. fast | D. fastly | 4 |
| 5. A. sad | B. good | C. well | D. badly | 5 |
| 6. A. much | B. more  | C. many  | D. plenty  | 6 |

**VI. Rewrite the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence:** **(1.5 pts)**

1. The suitcases were small. Peter couldn’t put all his clothes in them. (using **“too”**)

☞ The suitcases

2. “Please take care of yourself,” she said.

☞ She told me

3. Your favorite color is different from mine. (using **the same as**)

☞ Your favorite color

 **VII. Rearrange the words to make complete sentences:** **(1 pt)**

1. and/ does / his / doctor / as / brother / My / works / so / a/ girlfriend/ .

☞

2. These/ more / for / months/ house/ workers/ skillful / this / have / than / 5 / built/.

☞

**THE END OF THE TEST!**

**PRACTICE TEST 5**

 **I. USE OF ENGLISH:** Write **A, B, C** or **D** which best completes the sentences: **(2.5 pts)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. “I always have difficulty getting up.” – “You ………………. go to bed late.” | 1.... |
| A. shouldn’t  | B. should | C. must  | D. mustn’t |
| 2. He knows he has to study really ………………. for the next exam. | 2.... |
| A. hard | B. hardly | C. hardest | D. hardy |
| 3. I’m very sorry for behaving ………………. last night. | 3.... |
| A. well | B. bad | C. badly  | D. unwell |
| 4. My mother told me ………………. my homework before going to bed. | 4.... |
| A. finish | B. finishes | C. to finish  | D. finishing |
| 5. Tim should practice ………………. passages in German aloud.  | 5.... |
| A. to read | B. reading | C. read  | D. being read |
| 6. Collecting old coins ………………. my sister’s hobby. | 6.... |
| A. is  | B. are | C. will be  | D. being |
| 7. I’m used to ………………. with the television on. | 7.... |
| A. to work | B. working  | C. work  | D. worked |
| 8. They have studied ………………. 6 o’clock.  | 8.... |
| A. in | B. at | C. on  | D. since |
| 9. They are offering a 10% ………………. on all sofas this month. | 9.... |
| A. reward | B. discount  | C. reduce  | D. cut |
| 10. I will buy that dress as soon as I ………………. enough money. | 10...  |
| A. has | B. will have  | C. having  | D. have |

 **II. Supply the correct form of Words in parentheses: (1.5 pts)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. We should save ………………. resources. (nature) | 1……………….. |
| 2. The lab has a lot of modern ……………….. (equip) | 2 ………………. |
| 3. He visits his grandparents ……………….. (regular) | 3 ………………. |
| 4. The center will soon be ready to ………………. candidates for the new program. (enrollment) | 4 ………………. |
| 5. You should ………………. your vocabulary daily. (rich) | 5 ………………. |
| 6. I feel very ………………. of you, son. (pride) | 6 ………………. |

 **III. Choose the words or phrases that are not correct in standard English:** **(0.5 pts)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. Where **did** you **use** to **live** before **came** to London? **A B C D** | 1  |
| 2. Lyne **is living** **in** London with her grandparents **for 2** years. **A B C D**  | 2  |

 **IV. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others: (0.5 pts)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1.  | 1. … |
| A. price | B. tired | C. nice | D. humid |
| 2. | 2. … |
| A. tongue | B. word | C. come | D. love |

 **V. Reading Comprehension: (2.5 pts)**

V.1. Read the passage, and decide whether the statements that follow are **True** or **False**: **(1.0 pt)**

|  |
| --- |
| Many people who work in London prefer to live outside it, and to go into their offices, factories or schools everyday by train, car or bus, even though this means they have to get up early in the morning and reach home later in the evening. One advantage of living outside London is that houses are cheaper. Even a small flat in London without a garden costs quite a lot to rent. With the same money, one can get a little house in the country with a garden of one’s own. Then in the country, one can rest from the noise and hurry of the town. Even though one has to get up earlier and spends more time on trains and buses, one can sleep well at night and during weekends. Also, in summer evenings, one can enjoy fresh and clean air of the country.  |
| 1. People working in London like to live in downtown. | 1. ………. |
| 2. As presented in the text, people don’t mind getting up early in the morning and reaching home later in the evening.  | 2. ………. |
| 3. Houses outside of London are cheaper than those in the urban. | 3. ………. |
| 4. People living outside of London are free noises and hurry. | 4. ………. |

V.2. Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer: **(1.5 pts)**

|  |
| --- |
| A friendly letterDear Sally,I’m really looking forward (1) ………………. you again. I can’t wait for summer to come. Once the school (2) ………………., I’ll write to you again so that we can arrange where we’re going to go on holiday. I’m going to tell my parents and persuade them to let me (3) ………………. a bit longer with you this time. My dad said that as soon as the exams are (4) ………………., we would go on one of those package coach tours of Italy. I don’t know about you, but I’d rather spend the time by the seaside (5) ………………. travel around in a coach. I keep telling them that I don’t want to go with them, but they won’t lisen. If they refuse (6) ………………. me come and see you, I don’t know what I’ll do! |
| 1. A. to seeing | B. to have seen  | C. to see  | D. seeing  | 1  |
| 2. A. finished | B. finishing  | C. will finish | D. finishes | 2  |
| 3. A. stay | B. to stay | C. staying | D. be stayed | 3  |
| 4. A. over | B. out | C. away | D. off  | 4  |
| 5. A. than | B. more than  | C. rather  | D. to  | 5  |
| 6. A. letting | B. let  | C. to let  | D. having let  | 6  |

 **VI. Rewrite the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence:** **(1.5 pts)**

1. The last time I saw him was in 1985.

☞ I haven’t

2. Are you and Jane the same age?

☞ Are you as

3. “Don’t walk on the grass,” the gardener said to us.

☞ The gardener

 **VII. Rearrange the words to make complete sentences:** **(1.0 pt)**

1. I / Nha Trang / old / ten / been / was / since / have / years / to / I / . /

☞

2. homework / plays / games / After / usually / computer / his / Tom / doing / . /

☞

**THE END OF THE TEST!**

**PRACTICE TEST 6**

 **I. USE OF ENGLISH:** Write **A, B, C,** or **D** which best completes the sentences: **(2.5 pts)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1.  My brother is under seventeen. He isn’t ……………. to drive a car. | 1  |
| A. old enough | B. young enough | C. enough old | D. enough young |
| 2. Kitchen is a ……………. place for children to play. | 2  |
| A. convenient | B. suitable | C. dangerous | D. comfortable |
| 3. Could you help me, please? – …………….. | 3  |
| A. No, thank you | B. Yes, That’s very kind of you. | C. Of course. | D. I’d love to. |
| 4. My friend speaks English very ……………., so she always has good marks. | 4  |
| A. good | B. well | C. bad | D. badly |
| 5. You should walk on the ……….. | 5  |
| A. sidewalk | B. street | C. avenue | D. road |
| 6. I love the people in my village. They are so……………. and hospitable. | 6  |
| A. friendly | B. vast | C. slow | D. inconvenient |
| 7. I haven’t seen Tom ……… we left school. | 7  |
| A. on | B. since | C. with | D. for |
| 8. Ten countries *participated* in the discussion. | 8  |
| A. took part | B. hold | C. told | D. spoke |
| 9. They’re offering a 10% ……….. on all sofas this month. | 9  |
| A. reward | B. discount | C. reduce | D. cut |
| 10. What’s the wrong with Loan ? - She cut ……………. | 10  |
| A. himself | B. her | C. myself | D. herself |

 **II. Supply the correct form of Words in parentheses: (1.5 pts)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. The children used ……………. a long way to school. (go) | 1  |
| 2. You shouldn’t talk about her character only through her............................. (appear)  | 2  |
| 3. She is …….........……about the trip to Nha Trang (excitement) | 3  |
| 4. I can’t see you now; it’s not ………… (convenience)  | 4  |
| 5. My mother thinks the food in this restaurant is …………. (taste) | 5  |
| 6. They had an .............................summer vacation. (enjoy) | 6  |

 **III. Choose the words or phrases that are not correct in standard English:** **(0.5 pt.)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. Shopping in the mall is more comfort than in the market. A B C D | 1  |
| 2. My uncle lived in this village for twenty years. A B C D  | 2  |

 **IV. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others: (0.5 pt.)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. | 1. … |
| A. promise | B. revise | C. stick | D. visit |
| 2. | 2. … |
| A. homework | B. mother | C. open | D. judo |

 **V. Reading Comprehension: (2.5 pts)**

V.1. Read the passage, and decide whether the statements that follow are **True** or **False**: **(1 pt.)**

|  |
| --- |
|  Many people now think that teachers give students too much homework. They say that it is unnecessary for children to work at home in their free time. Students who can do their homework in a quiet and comfortable room is in a much better portion than students who do homework in a small, noisy room with the television on. Some parents help their children with the homework. It is important, however, that teachers talk to parents about homework. Teachers should suggest suitable tasks for parents to help their children. Parents are often better at teaching their own children. |
| 1. All people now think that teachers give students too much work to do at home. | 1. ………. |
| 2. People say that it isn’t necessary for children to work at home in their free time. | 2. ………. |
| 3. Children always do their homework with their parents’ help. | 3. ………. |
| 4. Teacher ought to suggest suitable tasks for parents to help their children. | 4. ………. |

V.2. Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer: **(1.5 pts)**

|  |
| --- |
| **ENTRIES IN MY DIARY**    Once upon a time, there was a good king and his queen. They (1)………… no children for many years and were very sad. Then one day, the queen gave a birth to a lovely baby girl. The king was very happy. He held a big (2)………… and all the (3)………… in his land were invited. But the king forgot to invite an old and wicked fairy. She came to the celebration anyway but was very angry. She came near the baby and said, ''When you are sixteen, you will touch a spindle and die!'' A good fairy quickly chanted a magic spell to change the curse,''The princess will fall into a deep sleep (4)………… of dying. When the princess was sixteen, she became a very beautiful girl. (5)………… mother was always careful to keep her away from the spindles. But one day, the princess saw an old servant spinning and so she sat down to spin. When the princess touched the spindle she fell into a deep sleep. At that moment, everyone in the castle was also put to sleep. The princess slept for one hundred years until a prince arrived at the castle. He kissed her, and she woke up. They (6)…………love, got married, and lived happily ever after. |
| 1. A. have | B. does  | C. had | D. has  | 1  |
| 2. A. celebration | B. celebrate | C. celebrating | D. celebrated | 2  |
| 3. A. tale | B. fairies | C. fairy | D. story | 3  |
| 4. A. although | B. however | C. instead | D. but | 4  |
| 5. A. His | B. My | C. Their | D. Her | 5  |
| 6. A. fall in | B. fell in | C. feel in | D. heart | 6  |

**VI. Rewrite the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence:** **(1.5 pts)**

1. “Finish your homework before bedtime, my son.” the mother said

☞ The mother asked ...................................................................................................................................................

2. She sings very beautifully. Her younger sister doesn’t sing much beautifully.

☞Her younger sister doesn’t

3. Putting a knife into an electrical socket is very dangerous.

☞ It is

 **VII. Rearrange the words to make complete sentences:** **(1 pt.)**

1. weekends / lakes / banks / clean / We’re / the / on / of / to / going / the

☞

2. mall / neighborhood / pleased / in / the / about / Everyone / the / is / new

☞

**THE END OF THE TEST!**

1. **Giáo viên hướng dẫn học sinh ghi chép lại các câu hỏi thắc mắc, các trở ngại của học sinh khi thực hiện các nhiệm vụ học tập.**

Trường:

Lớp:

Họ tên học sinh

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Môn học** | **Nội dung học tập** | **Câu hỏi của học sinh** |
| Anh |  | 1.2. |